

RMF – The Latest and Greatest

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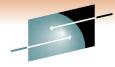
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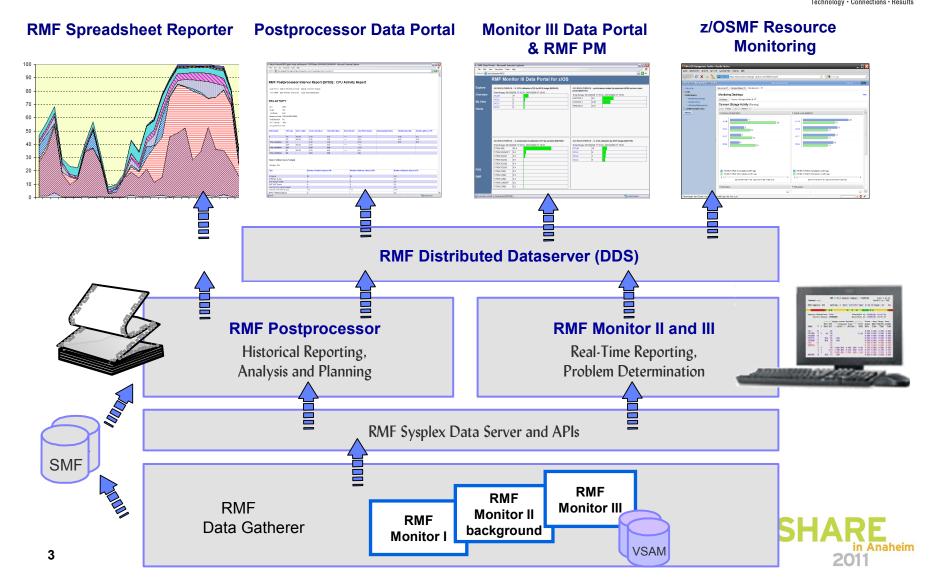


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RMF Product Overview



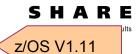
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RMF Enhancements

- Enhanced Group Capacity Reporting
 - ► Examine WLM Soft-Capping Activities
 - ► Monitor MSU's of Capacity Groups
- Monitor II OPT Report
 - ► Identify active IEAOPTxx Member
 - Review Parameters at a Glance
- Postprocessor XML Formatted Reports
 - ► State-of-the-art UI for SMF Type 7x Data
 - ► Standardized Report Format for API Access
 - ▶ Remote Reporting via Spreadsheet Reporter
- HTTP API to access Historical data
 - ► Enable RMF Distributed Data Server to request historical RMF Postprocessor data via HTTP
- Distributed Data Server Report Selection
 - ► Optimize GPMSERVE Performance
- In-Ready Work Unit Queue Distribution
 - Identify latent Demand
 - ► Dispatchable Unit Granularity
- z/OSMF Resource Monitoring
 - ► Plugin of z/OSMF Management Facility
 - ► Cross-sysplex performance monitoring from a single point of control







z/OS V1.11



z/OS V1.11



z/OS V1.12



z/OS V1.11



z/OS V1.12





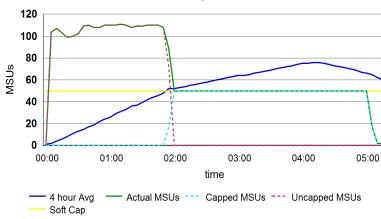
Group Capacity Reporting



- Defined Capacity
 - Sets an upper limit for the capacity that a partition may consume
 - Specified in "million service units per hour" MSU
 - Controlled by WLM, Enforced by PR/SM
- 4 hour rolling average: 48 buckets a 5 min
 - WLM computes MSU's consumed by the LPAR
 - All intervals before IPL are initialized to 1 MSU/h
- Capping is enforced when 4 hour rolling average exceeds the specified limit
 - Cap removed when the 4h avg drops below
 - Usage spikes above the cap are possible
 - 4h rolling average may exceed cap as well!



Defined capacity limit enforcement





Group Capacity Reporting



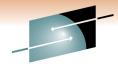
How does WLM Softcapping work?

- WLM exploits the existing Capping mechanism in a PR/SM environment. (used by PR/SM hypervisor to limit the CPU access for a logical partition)
- ➤ When CAPPING=YES for an individual partition is active, the maximum capacity granted to this partition is derived from the weighting factors. The partition cannot "borrow" additional capacity from other partitions (even though contention is not in effect)
- The Capping mechanism depends on partition weight vs. defined capacity:

Weight vs. defined capacity	How capping is enforced
Weight equivalent = defined capacity limit	PR/SM hypervisor caps at partition weight
Weight equivalent < defined capacity limit	Noncontiguous cap pattern
Weight equivalent > defined capacity limit	Capping via "Phantom weight"

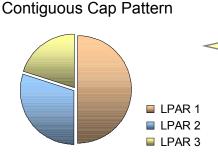


Softcapping Example: Weight Equivalent for LPAR1 = 50 MSUs



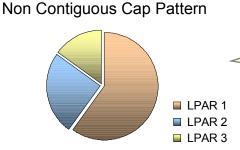
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Weight Equivalent = MSU Limit (e.g. 50 vs. 50)



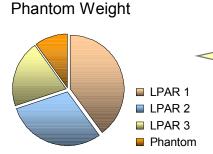
In order to cap LPAR1 down to 50 MSU's the LPAR hypervisor can apply the capping technique unchanged and contiguously

Weight Equivalent < MSU Limit (e.g. 50 vs. 60)



In case the other LPARs don't consume their weight equivalents, up to 10 additional MSU's can be granted to LPAR 1 by disrupt the capping temporarily

Weight Equivalent > MSU Limit (e.g. 50 vs. 40)



A phantom LPAR with 10 MSU's is created. This capacity is delivered to LPAR 2 & LPAR 3 accordingly to their weights

Group Capacity Reporting...



			G R	0 U P	CAI	PAC	ΙΤΥ	R E P (ORT			
	z/0	S V1R11		SYSTEM RPT VE			RMF		E 03/19/		INTERVAL 05.0 CYCLE 1.000 S	
	ACITY LIMIT	PARTITION	SYSTEM	MS	SU ACT	WGT	DE	CAPPING WLM%	G ACT%	- ENTITLEM		
RMFGRP	40	TRX1 TRX2	TRX1 TRX2	0 10	37 4	400 200	NC NO	80.7 80.7	80.7	26 10	40 10	
			TOTAL		41	600						

Field Heading	Meaning
CAPPING WLM%	Percentage of time when WLM considers to cap the partition. This applies when the partition is a member of a capacity group which is currently in capping state. That means, that the unused capacity credit for this group is exhausted and one or more members of the group will be actually capped in case they still call for additional capacity above their limits
CAPPING ACT%	Percentage of time when capping actually limited the usage of processor resources for this partition

Group Capacity Reporting...



														PAG	GE 2
	Z,	/os v	LR11			SYSTEM				03/19/2009		RVAL 05.0			
				RPT VEI			ERSION V1R11 RMF TIME 11.05.00				CYCLE				
VS PARTI	TION	NAME				TRX1		NUMBE	R OF PHYSICAL	. PROCESSORS	26		GROUP NA	AME PMF	GRP
MAGE CAF	PACIT	Y				40			CP		4		LIMIT		40*
UMBER OF	CON	FIGUR	D PART	TITIONS	5	58			AAP		1		AVAILABI	LE (12
AIT COMF	PLETI	NC				NO			IFL		18				
ISPATCH	INTE	RVAL			D	YNAMIC			ICF		2				
									IIP		1				
	PARTITION DATA				L	OGICAL	PARTITION PRO	OCESSOR DATA	AVERAGE	PROCESSO	R UTILIZATIO	ON PERCENTA	AGES -		
			MS	SU	-CAP	PING	PROC	ESSOR-	DISPATCH	I TIME DATA	LOGICAL PRO	OCESSORS	PHYSICA	AL PROCESSO	ORS
AME	S	WGT	DEF	ACT	DEF	WLM%	NUM	TYPE	EFFECTIVE	TOTAL	EFFECTIVE	TOTAL	LPAR MGMT	EFFECTIVE	TOTAL
RX1	Α	400	50	4	NO	0.0	3.0	СР	00.00.10.184	00.00.10.501	1.13	1.17	0.03	0.85	0.88
05LP45	Α	10	0		NO	0.0	2	CP	00.00.01.866		0.31	0.37	0.03	0.16	0.18
RX2CFA	Α	100	0		YES	0.0	1	CP		00.00.04.210	1.38	1.40	0.01	0.34	0.35
05LP59	Α	100	0	1	NO	0.0	3	СР	00.00.02.594	00.00.03.274	0.29	0.36	0.06	0.22	0.27
05LP60	Α	10	0	8	NO	0.0	2	CP	00.00.21.928		3.65	3.96	0.15	1.83	1.98
RX2	Α	200	60	3	NO	0.0	3.0	CP		00.00.09.495	1.01	1.06	0.04	0.76	0.79
PHYSICAL	*									00.00.22.805			1.90		1.90
TOTAL									00 00 49 787	00.01.16.267			2.21	4.15	6.36
TOTAL									00.00.43.707	00.01.10.207			2.21	7.13	0.30
Field He	ading	3	Mea	ning											
LIMIT			Cap	acitv lir	mit (in	MSU's) defin	ed for t	he partition's o	capacity group. A	n '*' followina	the limit v	/alue indicate	es that this	partitio
Capacity limit (in MSU's) defined for the partition's capacity group. An '*' following the limit value indicates that this partition is started to be a member of this capacity group less than four hours ago. Therefore, the capacity of this partition is still managed according to it's 4 hour rolling MSU average limitations and not yet according to the group capacity limit															
AVAILAE	RIF		Long	n-term	avera	ge of C	PUse	rvice u	nits which wou	ld be allowed by	the limit of the	e capacity	group but a	re not used	by its
/ (/ (IL/\L	Long-term average of CPU service units which would be allowed by the limit of the capacity group but are not used by its members. If the value is negative, WLM will start to cap one more members of this group in case they still call for addition capacity above their limits														

Group Capacity Reporting...



The Monitor III CPC Capacity report is enhanced:

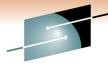
- New metric: 4h unused group capacity average. This is the average available capacity for the group during the last 4 hours. If the value is negative the members have consumed capacity beyond the defined group limit. Therefore WLM sets the group into the capping state.
- New metric: Remaining time until group capping. This is the projected time until the usage of processor resources for one or more members of the group might be limited.
- ▶ Both new metrics are available as hidden fields in the ISPF version of the CPC report
- ➤ The threshold applied when calculating the *remaining time until capping* is changed for partitions being member of a capacity group: The MSU limit for the projection is now derived from the image capacity <u>or</u> group capacity definitions.

The following new metrics will be provided by the RMF Distributed Dataserver:

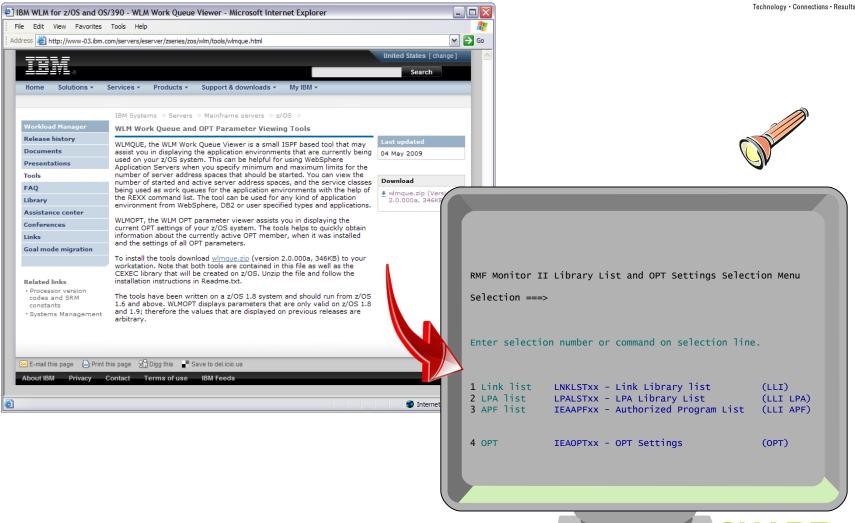
Resource	New metric
Sysplex	 available capacity (MSU/h) for group by partition remaining time until group capping in seconds by partition
LPAR	 available capacity (MSU/h) for group remaining time until group capping in seconds



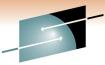
Monitor II OPT Report



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Monitor II OPT Report



nology • Connections • Results

Explanation

of

Parameters

RMF - OPT Settings Line 1 of 29 Command ===> Scroll ===> PAGE CPU= 1/ 1 UIC= 65K PR= 0System= TRX2 Total Time: N/A OPT: 00 - Parameter -- - Default - -- Value -- Unit ----- Description -Yes Y/N Abnormal terminations in routing **ABNORMALTERM** Yes 20 sec Time blocked work waits for help BLWLINTHD 20 5 0/00 CPU cap. to promote blocked work **BLWLTRPCT** 12000 usec Alternate wait management time 12000 CCCAWMT 12000 usec AWM time value for ZAAPs ZAAPAWMT 12000 12000 12000 usec AWM time value for zIIPs ZIIPAWMT No Y/N Clist commands count individually CNTCLIST No 10,30|0,0 Threshold for TPI (low, high) **CPENABLE** 10,30 % Yes Y/N Directed VIO is active DVIO Yes 500 500/CB SU Enqueue residency CPU Service/DP ERV No/No Y/N Hiperdispatch is desired/active **HIPERDISPATCH** No Yes Y/N Allows CPs to help zAAPs **IFAHONORPRIORITY** Yes **IIPHONORPRIORITY** Yes Y/N Allows CPs to help zIIPs Yes INITIMP value/DP for initiators 0/FE # INITIMP 0 70,50,50 % Fixed storage of <16M,16M-2G,tot IRA405I 70,50,50 6 *10s Holder allowed to run promoted MAXPROMOTETIME Threshold for storage (low,ok) MCCAFCTH 1933,3867 400,800 # 92 % Fixed storage threshold < 16 MB MCCFXEPR 92 Fixed online storage threshold MCCFXTPR 80 % Yes Y/N CPU projection for ZAAPS, ZIIPS **PROJECTCPU** No



Current Member

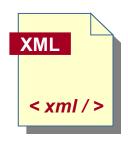
& Activation Time

Postprocessor XML Formatted Reports



Rationale:

- RMF Postprocessor reports are limited to a page width of 132 characters
- No state-of-the-art display capability of Postprocessor reports
- ► No easy access to RMF Postprocessor data for application programs
 - cumbersome to parse the text output
 - ⇒ each report has its own layout







RMF Postprocessor reports can now be generated in XML Format



Postprocessor XML Formatted Reports



- The following single-system reports are available in XML format (both Interval and Duration reports)
 - ⇒ CPU Activity report (including Partition Data, LPAR Cluster and Group Capacity reports)
 - ⇒ CRYPTO Activity report
 - ⇒ FICON Director Activity report
 - ⇒ OMVS Kernel Activity report
 - ⇒ ESS Disk Systems Activity report
 - ⇒ Device Activity report



With z/OS 1.12, the first sysplex report is available in XML format

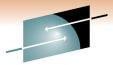
⇒ Workload Activity report



- Overview reports are also available in XML format
- Summary and Exception reports are not available in XML format
- Interval reports based on data collected during a Monitor II background session are not available in XML format



Postprocessor XML Formatted Reports



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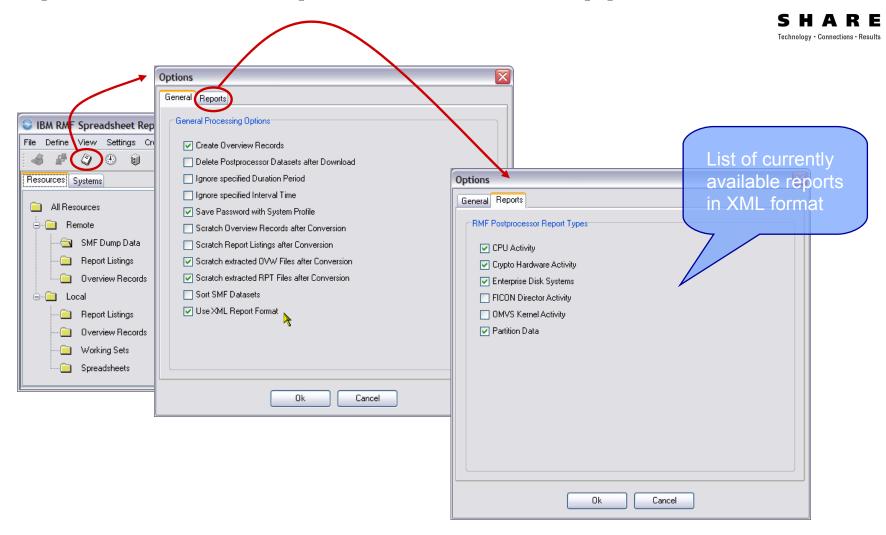
- The generation of Postprocessor reports in XML format is controlled by the new ddnames XPRPTS, XPXSRPTS and XPOVWRPT
- ▶ If the XML output is routed to permanent data sets rather than to SYSOUT, define the data set with RECFM=VB and LRECL between 256 and 8192. Specify an appropriate BLKSIZE.

ddname	Contents	Allocations	Notes
XPRPTS	Combined single-system report in XML format	One ddname for one data set to contain all single system reports for each interval during the session.	There is no dynamic allocation of this ddname, you have to define it explicitly if you want to get all reports in XML format into one data set or output class. If you define this ddname, no MFRnnnnn files are created. If you define this ddname and PPRPTS, no XML output in file XPRPTS is created.
XPOVWRPT	Combined Overview report in XML format	One ddname for one data set to contain all overview reports for each system included in the input data.	There is no dynamic allocation of this ddname, you have to define it explicitly if you want to get all overview reports in XML format into one data set or output class. If you define this ddname, no PPORPnnn files are created.
XPXSRPTS	Combined sysplex-wide report in XML format	One ddname for one data set to contain all sysplex reports for each interval included in the input data.	There is no dynamic allocation of this ddname, you have to define it explicitly if you want to get all reports in XML format into one data set or output class. If you define this ddname, no MFRnnnnn files are created. If you define this ddname and PPXSRPTS, no XML output in file XPXSRPTS is created.



Spreadsheet Reporter – XML Support

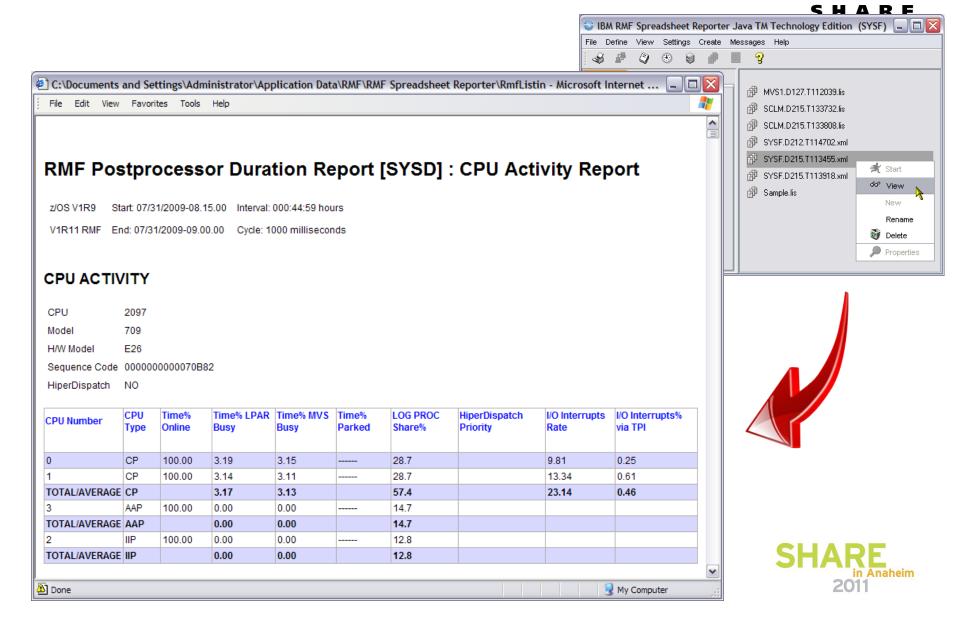






Spreadsheet Reporter – XML Support



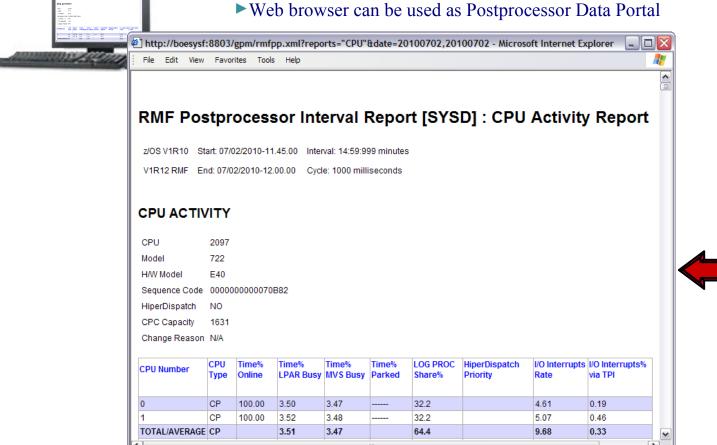


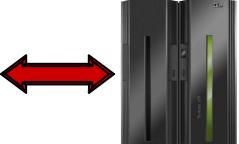
HTTP API to access Historical data



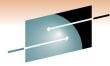


- ► Application programs can use Distributed Data Server (DDS) HTTP API to retrieve RMF Postprocessor XML reports
- ► All RMF Postprocessor XML formatted reports supported

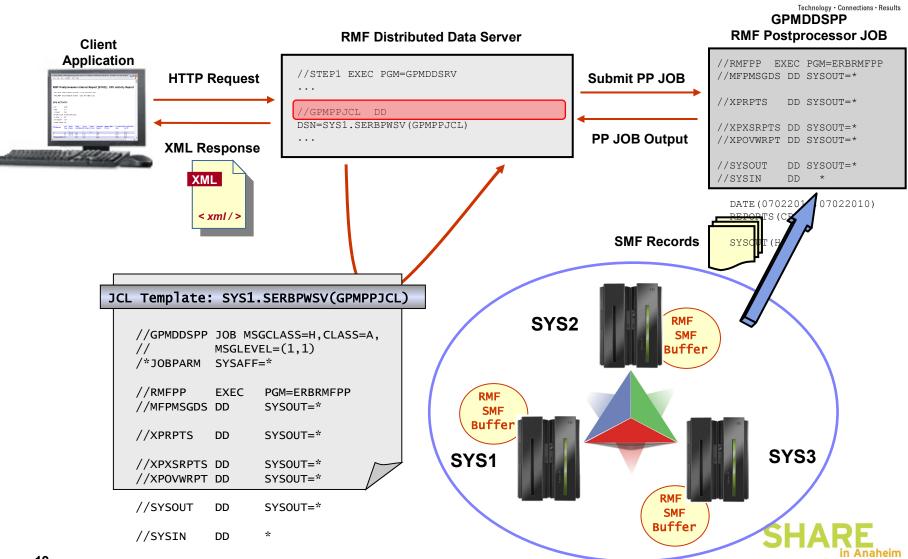


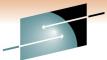






HTTP API to access Historical data ...





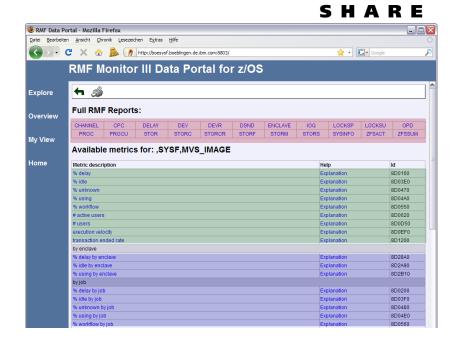


 The DDS supports the following kinds of metric types:

⇒Full reports

⇒Single valued metrics

⇒List valued metrics

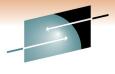


 The one and only metric source for the DDS are Monitor III report data tables

By default, the DDS exploits a defined set of Monitor III sysplex-wide

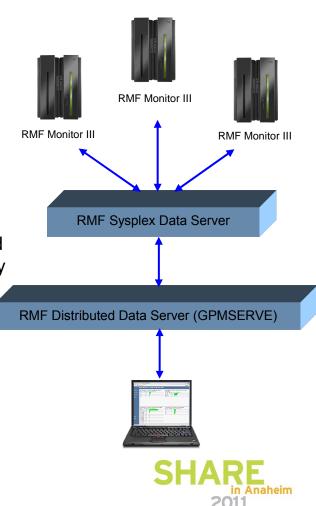
reports and single system reports





S H A R E

- The DDS retrieves Monitor III report data from all RMF instances in the Sysplex
- With z/OS V1.11 RMF it is possible to exclude specific Monitor III reports from being retrieved by the DDS
 - Users can exclude reports which are not required by any monitoring clients in their environment
 - In case of abnormal termination of reporter modules, operation of the DDS is affected. With this function, those reporters can be excluded temporarily. This allows continued operation of the DDS until a fix for the problem is provided by IBM
- A new DDS option is introduced for PARMLIB member GPMSRVxx. This option defines a list of Monitor III reports to be excluded from DDS processing







- New option EXCLUDE_REPORTS in DDS parmlib member
- The option is not mandatory
- If not specified, all Monitor III reports supported by the DDS are available
- If specified, the option contains a comma-separated list of report names which should be excluded from DDS processing
- Specify multiple options if the list of reports does not fit on one line
- In this example, the Cache Detail,
 Cache Summary, zFS Activity, and zFS
 Summary reports are excluded





- When a client requests a report from the DDS that has been deactivated by EXCLUDE_REPORTS the following message is generated:
 - GPM0737I The requested report <reportname> is deactivated
- When a client requests a metric from the DDS that is based on a deactivated report the following message is generated:
 - GPM0738I The requested metric is based on the deactivated report

<reportname>

Never deactivate the report types needed by other components!!

^ Caution:

- OMEGAMON XE on z/OS can be optionally configured to require RMF DDS to obtain performance data from the following reports: CFACT, CFOVER, CFSYS, XCFOVW, XCFGROUP, XCFPATH, XCFSYS, LOCKSP, LOCKSU

Work Unit Queue Distribution





Problem

- RMF reporting for CPU contention was based on address spaces level
- Did not consider multiple work units (WEBs) within one address space
- Performance analysts need statistics about the CPU contention on WEB granularity

Solution

The RMF CPU Activity reporting is enhanced

Benefit

 The enhanced CPU Activity reporting helps the customer to obtain information about the In-Ready distribution based on WEBs and the number of work units per CPU type



Work Unit Queue Distribution: Monitor I CPU Report



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Technology · Connections · Results

|....|....|....|

90 100

NUMBER O QUEUE TYPES	MIN	MAX	AVG	NUMBER OF	(0/2	DISTRIBUTION OF IN-READY WORK UNI 0 10 20 30 40 50 60
IN	550	1,008	594.8	WORK UNITS	(%)	
IN READY	4	438	22.7	<= N	55.5	>>>>>>
OUT READY	0	1	0.0	= N + 1	4.4	>>>
OUT WAIT	0	0	0.0	= N + 2	4.0	>>>
LOGICAL OUT RDY	0	628	10.3	= N + 3	3.7	>>
LOGICAL OUT WAIT	178	634	589.4	<= N + 5	7.1	>>>>
				<= N + 10	14.7	>>>>>
ADDRESS SPACE TYP	ES			<= N + 15	8.0	>>>>
				<= N + 20	1.9	>
ВАТСН	281	284	282.0	<= N + 30	0.2	>
STC	ork unit co	763	736.4	<= N + 40	0.0	
150	9/	98	97.9	<= N + 60	0.0	16 Buckets representing
ASCH CP	U type le	vei $_1$	0.0	<= N + 80	0.0	the work unit count with
OMVS	43	97	68.0	<= N + 100	0.0	
				<= N + 120	0.0	regard to the number of
NUMBER O	F WORK UN	ITS		<= N + 150	0.0	online processors
CPU TYPES	MIN	MAX	AVG	> N + 150	0.0	
СР	444	888	555.5	N = NUMBER OF	PROCESS	SORS ONLINE UNPARKED (22.4 ON AVG)
AAP	22	33	28.8			,
IIP	0	0	0.0			



Work Unit Queue Distribution Example















WorkUnit #4
WorkUnit #2
WorkUnit #0
CP #0

WorkUnit #3
WorkUnit #1
CP #1

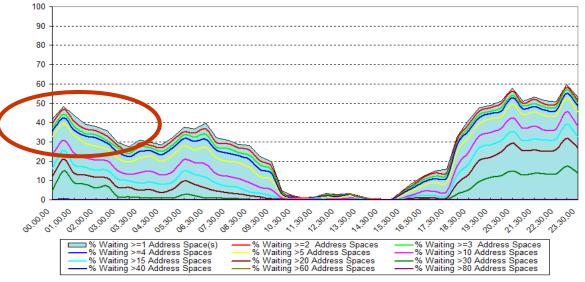
CP #2

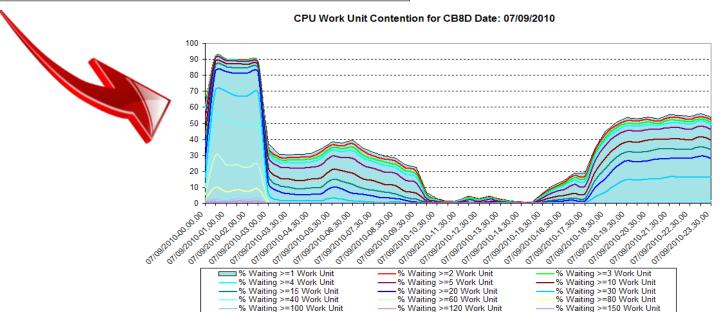


Work Unit Queue Distribution: Spreadsheet Reporter

CPU Contention for System CB8D Date: 07/09/2010







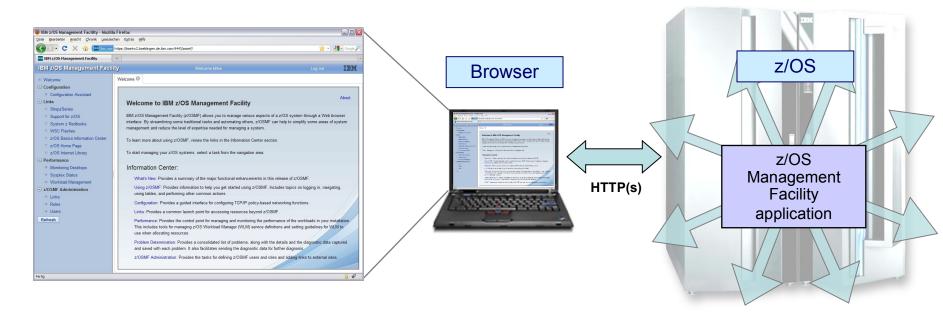
heim

IBM z/OSMF Management Facility





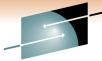
z/OS application, browser access



- z/OS Management Facility is a Web 2.0 application on z/OS
 - Manages z/OS from z/OS
 - Browser communicates with z/OSMF via secure connection, anywhere, anytime



IBM z/OSMF Management Facility ...



Applications / R12 plugins





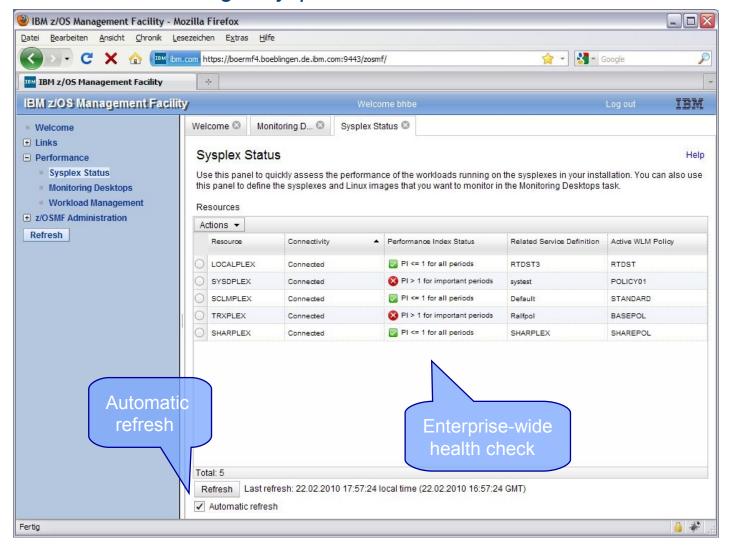
- Configuration category
 - Configuration Assistant for z/OS Communication Server Simplified configuration and setup of TCP/IP policy-based networking functions (with z/OS V1.11)
- **Links** Links to resources provides common launch point for non-z/OSMF resources
- Performance category (with z/OS V1.12)
 - Sysplex status single view of sysplex performance
 - Monitor desktops dynamic real time metrics for system performance, customizable for correlations
 - Workload Manager Policy Editor -- Simplified creation, editing, installation, and activation of WLM service definitions and policies
- Problem Determination category
 - Incident Log -- Simplified capture, packaging, and sending of SVC dump diagnostic data. (Available with z/OS V1.10)
- z/OSMF Administration Authorization services, add users, define roles, add links.

IBM z/OSMF Management Facility ...

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S H A R E

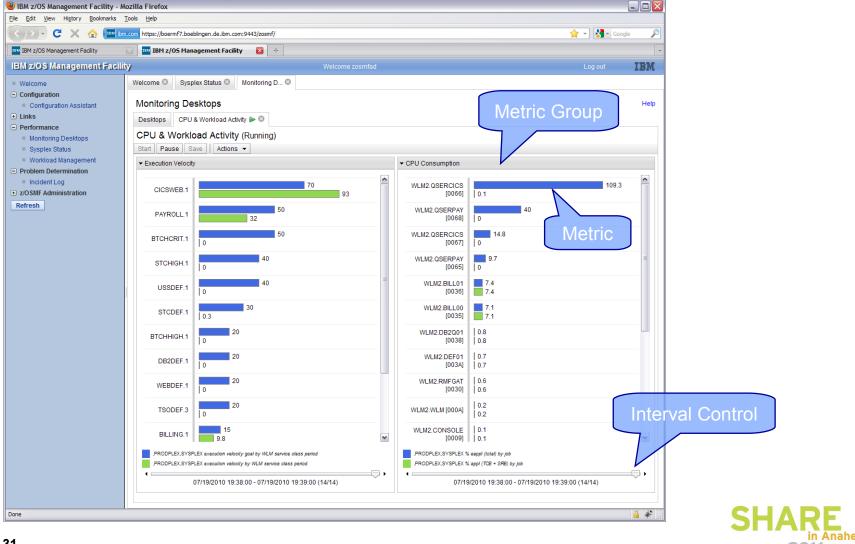
Resource Monitoring – Sysplex Status Task





IBM z/OSMF Management Facility ...

Resource Monitoring – Monitoring Desktops Task



Information and Tools



RMF homepage: www.ibm.com/systems/z/os/zos/features/rmf/

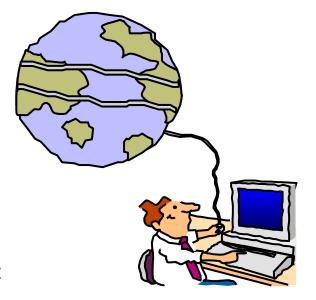
- Product information, newsletters, presentations, ...
- Downloads
 - ► Spreadsheet Reporter
 - ► RMF PM Java Edition
 - ► RMF data collector for Linux

RMF email address: rmf@de.ibm.com

Documentation and news:

- RMF Performance Management Guide, SC33-7992
- RMF Report Analysis, SC33-7991
- RMF User's Guide, SC33-7990
- Latest version of PDF files can be downloaded from:

www.ibm.com/systems/z/os/zos/bkserv/r11pdf/#rmf



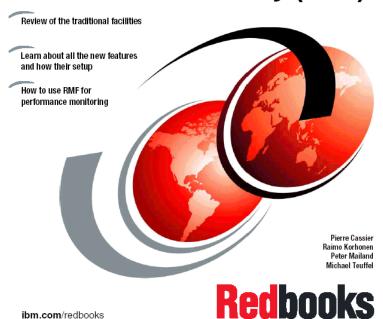




RMF Redbook !!!



Effective zSeries Performance Monitoring using Resource Measurement Facility (RMF)







Appendix: Function Reference



Function	Availability
Enhanced Group Capacity Reporting	z/OSV1.11 RMF
Monitor II OPT Report	z/OSV1.11 RMF
Postprocessor XML Formatted Reports	z/OSV1.11 RMF
HTTP API to access Historical data	z/OSV1.12 RMF
Distributed Data Server Report Selection	z/OSV1.11 RMF
In-Ready Work Unit Queue Distribution	z/OSV1.12 RMF
IBM z/OSMF Management Facility: Resource Monitoring Plugin	z/OSV1.12 zOSMF

